

PPS GLOBAL EQUITY FEEDER FUND



INVESTMENTS

As of 30/06/2021

FUND DESCRIPTION

The PPS Global Equity Feeder Fund invests in the foreign-domiciled PPS Global Equity Fund established under the Prescient Universal Funds PLC approved by the Irish Regulator. The PPS Global Equity Fund is an actively managed, global equity fund that aims to provide investors with long-term capital growth. It takes advantage of investment opportunities in listed equities of companies in both developed and emerging market economies, utilizing a bottom-up and research driven approach. The Fund's primary investment objective is to outperform the MSCI All Country World Index (or an equivalent index) after fees. Income is a secondary objective for this fund and is achieved by investing in companies with a strong potential to pay dividends in the future. The rand-denominated fund offers exposure to the global equity market and may also invest in financial instruments for the exclusive purpose of hedging against exchange rate risk. PPS Multi Managers has appointed Capital Group as the sub investment manager of the PPS Global Equity Fund.

FUND OVERVIEW

| | |
|--|--|
| List of classes* | A & A2 class |
| Portfolio category | Global Equity - General |
| Launch date | 30 April 2020 (A & A2) |
| Benchmark | MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI) |
| Income distribution | Annually |
| Investment horizon | Long-term - seven years and longer |
| Portfolio size | R 475 074 049 |
| Market value (NAV price per unit) | 119.57 (A); 120.28 (A2) |
| Number of units held | 865 976 (A); 96 024 079 (A2) |
| Manager fee (excl. VAT) | 1.15% (A) ; 0.70% (A2) |
| Trustee | Standard Chartered Bank |
| Risk profile | High |
| Investment manager | PPS Multi Managers Proprietary Limited |

*On PPS Investments platform, A2 class is available in Select range and A class is available in Original range

PORTFOLIO DETAIL

| Top 10 Holdings | Allocation |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Tesla Inc. | 5.1% |
| Microsoft Corp | 3.3% |
| Facebook Inc. | 3.0% |
| Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing | 3.0% |
| Amazon | 3.0% |
| Alphabet Inc. | 2.4% |
| PayPal Inc. | 1.9% |
| ASML Holdings | 1.4% |
| JP Morgan & Chase Co. | 1.4% |
| Vale | 1.2% |

TOP 5 MSCI SECTOR ALLOCATION

| Top 5 MSCI Sector | Allocation |
|------------------------|------------|
| Information Technology | 22.3% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 17.6% |
| Financials | 12.3% |
| Health Care | 12.0% |
| Industrials | 11.0% |

ASSET ALLOCATION

| Asset | Allocation |
|--------------------------|------------|
| International - Equity | 92.5% |
| International - Cash | 5.3% |
| International - Property | 1.0% |
| SA - Cash | 0.8% |
| SA - Equity | 0.4% |

RISK METRICS

| Metric | A | A2 | Benchmark |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-----------|
| Annualised Standard Deviation | 17.3% | 17.3% | 14.0% |
| Maximum Drawdown | -8.6% | -8.5% | -9.4% |
| Percentage of Positive months | 66.7% | 66.7% | 66.7% |
| Information Ratio | 0.45 | 0.52 | — |
| Sharpe Ratio | 2.60 | 2.64 | — |

HIGHEST & LOWEST RETURNS SINCE INCEPTION

| | A | A2 |
|------------------------|------------|------------|
| Highest | 19.2% | 19.8% |
| Highest Month End Date | 30/06/2021 | 30/06/2021 |
| Lowest | 15.6% | 16.2% |
| Lowest Month End Date | 31/05/2021 | 31/05/2021 |

ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE

| | 3 months | 1 Year | 3 Years | 5 Years | 7 Years | 10 Years | Since Inception |
|------------------------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----------------|
| PPS Global Equity FF A | 5.66% | 19.15% | — | — | — | — | 16.56% |
| PPS Global Equity FF A2 | 5.81% | 19.77% | — | — | — | — | 17.15% |
| MSCI All Country World Index | 3.87% | 15.05% | 16.63% | 14.53% | 15.06% | 19.05% | 14.85% |

| | YTD 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| PPS Global Equity FF A | 7.26% | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| PPS Global Equity FF A2 | 7.54% | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| MSCI All Country World Index | 9.34% | 22.61% | 24.16% | 5.61% | 12.68% | -3.94% | 32.54% |

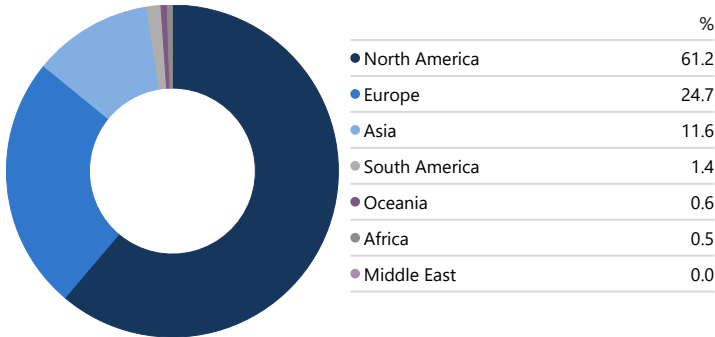
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REGIONAL ALLOCATION



1 YEAR FEES (%)

| Fees | A | A2 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Total expense ratio (TER) | 2.28 | 1.76 |
| Transaction costs (TC) | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| Total investment charge (TER+TC) | 2.35 | 1.83 |

3 YEAR FEES (%)**

| Fees | A | A2 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Total expense ratio (TER) | 2.28 | 1.76 |
| Transaction costs (TC) | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| Total investment charge (TER+TC) | 2.35 | 1.83 |

** The TER and Transaction Costs cannot be determined accurately because of the short life span of the Financial Product. Calculations are based on actual data where possible and best estimates where actual data is not available.

FUND COMMENTARY

Global stocks rallied as many of the world's largest economies reopened and government stimulus measures continued to fuel investor optimism. With COVID-19 vaccinations rolling out in the US, Europe and elsewhere, manufacturing activity and retail sales rose sharply, prompting some economists to raise their growth forecasts for the balance of 2021. Energy and financial stocks posted the largest gains, supported by a rotation into cyclical stocks at the beginning of the year. However, growth stocks reasserted themselves later in the period and large-cap technology stocks generated strong returns. US equities closed the period at all-time highs. Concerns over higher inflation expectations occasionally gave markets pause but were largely outweighed by investor optimism for the improving economic outlook and the prospect of more fiscal stimulus. European stocks advanced as vaccination rollouts accelerated across the continent. The eurozone economy picked up steam, boosted by ongoing government stimulus efforts and steady demand from China for European products, including autos and luxury goods. Japanese stocks rose in local currency despite a fourth wave of COVID-19 cases that led authorities to extend a state of emergency across much of the country. Hong Kong equities rose. A six-quarter streak of declines in gross domestic product ended with a 7.9% year-over-year expansion in the first quarter. Emerging market stocks advanced, helped by signs of an economic recovery, strong semiconductor demand and rising commodity prices. Commodity-rich countries that produce industrial metals and crude oil rallied. Brazilian stocks were bolstered by significant gains for the materials and energy sectors. Returns from Chinese stocks moderated in H1 2021 after outsized results in 2020.

After lagging in Q1, the portfolio posted strong returns to outpace the MSCI ACWI in Q2. Areas that helped YTD include exposure to Communication services. Strong stock selection was primarily driven by Facebook, which rose 27%, buoyed by hopes that a recovery in the global economy could lead to higher advertising spending. Facebook's Q1 results showed a substantial year-over-year increase in the average price per ad and a rise in the number of ads delivered. Singapore-based Sea Ltd also contributed positively, boosted by steeper-than-anticipated growth in its e-commerce business, Shopee, in Southeast Asia. Semiconductor equipment maker ASML was the portfolio's largest positive contributor, rising 46% as demand for its cutting edge extreme ultraviolet lithography (EUV) machines remained robust. A below-index position in Apple also helped on a relative basis as it lagged the broader market. Among the top three positive contributors was Brazil-based miner, Vale. The company's Q1 2021 earnings reverted to levels last seen a decade ago amid recovering production and high commodity prices. Exposure within Consumer discretionary detracted from performance over the period. Tesla was the portfolio's biggest detractor. Its shares fell 4% following Q1 sales that fell short of analysts' estimates. Portfolio managers maintain a positive view on Tesla's long-term potential not just in electric vehicles, but battery power generation/management as well as connectivity and data-gathering. Technology investor Prosus also detracted. Despite good results for the financial year, particularly in the food delivery and payments & fintech segments, it continues to trade at a discount to NAV. Its shares were down 7% year to date. Shares in London Stock Exchange Group (LSE) weighed on relative returns after it announced higher-than-expected expenses relating to the integration of data provider Refinitiv earlier in the year. Asia-based insurer AIA also detracted. Despite posting a return of 3%, the stock lagged the market as investors worried about the uncertainties surrounding COVID-19-related insurance claims. Cash detracted amid strong equity market returns.

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Glossary Summary

Annualised performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1-year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest return: The highest and lowest returns for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Alpha: Denoted the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

General market risk is the risk of a broad market movement unrelated to any specific securities.

Company risk is the financial uncertainty faced by an investor who holds securities in a specific firm. It's also called company-specific risk, unsystematic risk, and diversifiable risk.

A credit risk is the risk of default on a debt that may arise from a borrower failing to make required payments.

Counterparty risk is the likelihood or probability that one of those involved in a transaction might default on its contractual obligation. Counterparty risk can exist in credit, investment, and trading transactions.

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, and systems or from external events. Third-party relationships often integrate the internal processes of other organizations with the bank's processes and can increase the overall operational complexity.

Guidance of Risk Profile: A risk profile is an evaluation of an individual's willingness and ability to take risks. A risk profile is important for determining a proper investment asset allocation for a portfolio. Med-High refers to the risk associated with investing in high equity portfolio as opposed to other asset classes.

DISCLOSURES

The PPS Global Equity Fund is a sub-fund of the Prescient Global Funds plc an open-ended umbrella type investment company, with segregated liability between its sub-funds, authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland, as an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities under the European Communities (UCITS) Regulation, 2011 as amended (the Regulations). It is managed by Prescient Fund Services (Ireland) Limited which is authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland, as a UCITS IV Management Company. The Prescient Global Funds plc full prospectus and the Fund's KIID are available free of charge from the Manager in English or by visiting www.prescient.ie.

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) are generally medium-to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up, and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The Manager has the right to close any Portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. The manager does not provide any guarantee either in respect of the capital or the return of a portfolio. Total Expense Ratio (TER) is a measure that can be used by investors and advisers to determine how much of a Financial Product's underlying assets are relinquished as payment for services rendered in the administration of the Financial Product. Transaction Costs (TC) is a measure of the total costs incurred in buying and selling assets underlying the CIS are a necessary cost in administering the CIS and impact CIS's returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of CIS, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. TER's and TC's are expressed as a percentage of the daily net asset value of the CIS calculated over a period of three years on an annualised basis. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. Total Investment Charges (TIC) is a measure of total cost relating to the investment. The TER and TC disclosed are estimates based on our best estimate of the underlying costs. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions are available on request. Performance figures are from PPS Multi-Managers and Morningstar. These performance figures are for lump sum investments. All PPS Multi-Managers performance figures and values are quoted after the deduction of costs and applicable taxes incurred within the Fund. Performance is calculated for the portfolio and the individual investor performance may differ based on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date and dividend withholding tax. Please note that performance over periods greater than one year is annualised. Annualised performance is the average return earned on an investment each year over a given time period.

This fund is exposed to foreign securities and as such, it may be subject to the macroeconomic, settlement risks and political risks brought about by this exposure. It may also be subject to currency risk, which means the underlying investments of the fund could depreciate or appreciate against the reporting currency of the investor. Because these securities are listed on other exchanges, it may be subject to the relevant regulatory authority, and thus the tax implications and legislative changes of that particular entity. There may also be delays in realizing investments, due to system or liquidity issues experienced by the respective exchange. In addition, market and investment value fluctuations may occur. Overall, please be advised that, as indicated by the risk profile and potentially influenced by asset allocation, risks may be associated with this fund such as general market risk, company risk, credit risk, counterparty risk and third party operational risk.

Unit Trust prices are calculated on a Net Asset Value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses from the Fund divided by the number of units in issue. Portfolio valuations occur at 5 pm (New York time) daily. Prices are published daily and are available via www.prescient.ie Transactions must be received by Prescient Fund Services (Ireland) Limited before 10:00 (Irish time) to receive the net asset value price for that day.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period.

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PPS Multi-Managers is the appointed investment manager for the PPS Management Company.